## Year 9 Flightpath for Science

Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5	Step 6	Step 7	Step 8	Step 9	Step 10
Preparation	Preparation	Preparation	Develop	Develop	Secure	Secure	Secure	Extend	Extend
l can:	l can:	I can:	l can:	l can:	l can:	l can:	l can:	l can:	l can:
• use	<ul> <li>recognise</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise &amp;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>suggest</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use simple</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>describe some</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>explain how</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>interpret,</li> </ul>
evidence	evidence	use evidence	answers to	scientific ideas	that evidence	that evidence	evidence for	evidence	evaluate and
provided to	that has	generated	questions	with evidence	can support or	and creative	some accepted	supports some	synthesise data
answer a	been used to	from	based on my	collected to	refute	thinking	scientific ideas.	accepted	from a range of
question and	answer a	answering a	ideas &	give	scientific	contribute to	<ul> <li>analyse findings</li> </ul>	scientific ideas.	sources and in a
make links	question,	question &	evidence.	explanations	ideas.	the	to draw	<ul> <li>explain, using</li> </ul>	range of
between	make links	make links	<ul> <li>recognise &amp;</li> </ul>	of	<ul> <li>recognise</li> </ul>	development	conclusions that	abstract ideas	contexts.
science and	between	between the	describe	observations,	some	of scientific	are consistent	where	• show
everyday	science and	science &	similarities &	linking cause	applications	ideas.	with the evidence	appropriate, the	understanding
objects and	everyday	everyday	differences,	and effect.	and	• use line	and use scientific	importance of	of the
experiences.	objects.	experiences.	creating	<ul> <li>begin to</li> </ul>	implications of	graphs to	knowledge and	some applications	relationship
• with	• say	say whether	groups	recognise risks	science.	present data,	understanding to	and implications	between
guidance,	whether	what	<ul> <li>say whether</li> </ul>	with help.	<ul> <li>interpret</li> </ul>	interpret	explain them;	of science.	evidence and
identify a	what	happened was	what	• give	data	numerical data	accounting for	• plan	scientific ideas,
different	happened	expected.	happened was	explanations	containing	and draw	any	appropriate	& why scientific
way to do	was	<ul> <li>with support</li> </ul>	expected and,	for	positive and	conclusions	inconsistencies in	approaches and	ideas may need
things	expected.	& prompting,	when	observations	negative	from them.	evidence.	procedures	to change.
	• with	suggest	prompted,	and for	numbers.	<ul> <li>analyse data</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>manipulate</li> </ul>	where variables	<ul> <li>in consultation</li> </ul>
	support &	different ways	suggest	patterns in	<ul> <li>begin to</li> </ul>	drawing	numerical data to	cannot readily	adapt practical
	prompting,	to do things	different ways	measurements	relate	conclusions	make valid	controlled,	approaches to
	suggest a		to do things.	made and	conclusions to	consistent	comparisons and	synthesising	control risks.
	different way			recorded.	patterns in	with the	draw valid	researched	<ul> <li>communicate</li> </ul>
	to do things			•	data, including	evidence.	conclusions	information.	showing
				communicate	graphs, and to	<ul> <li>evaluate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluate</li> </ul>	analyse & explain	awareness of a
				results in a	scientific	working	evidence, making	findings to draw	range of views.
				scientific way	knowledge	methods,	reasoned	conclusions from	<ul> <li>evaluate</li> </ul>
				and suggest	and	making	suggestions about	evidence.	evidence
				possible	understanding	improvement	how working	<ul> <li>identify possible</li> </ul>	critically and
				reasons for	. ● suggest	suggestions.	methods could be	limitations in	suggest
				them as well	improvements		improved.	primary and	improvements.
				as	in work, giving			secondary data	
				improvements	reasons.				

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